

THE SYSTEMS NbF_5 -RbF AND NbF_5 -CsF

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SUMMARY

NbF_5 systems ($M=Rb, Cs$) are investigated by differential thermal analysis and X ray powder diffraction. Six types of ternary fluorides are found, and lattice parameters calculated for most of them. Comparison with the NbF_5 -TlF system is carried out.

INTRODUCTION

The present work extends to rubidium and cesium the study of the systems NbF_5 -MF ($M=$ alcalis, thallium, ammonium) which have been carried out previously in our laboratory. Results with $M=Li, Na, K$ [1] and Tl [2] have been published before ; those with $M=\text{NH}_4^+$ will be published later.

We present here the phase diagrams of NbF_5 -RbF (CsF) and X-ray powder diffraction data for several new compounds, then, we draw comparison between these systems and the NbF_5 -TlF binary.

EXPERIMENTAL

NbF_5 was obtained as a commercial product and refined by distillation under vacuum. RbF and CsF are obtained by the action of 40% aquous hydrogène fluoride with the appropriate carbonate, evaporation of the solution, and drying of the solid under an argon stream at 600°C.

Reactions between NbF_5 and MF are carried out in sealed nickel tubes, at 20°C below the temperature of the lowest thermal change (transition, eutectic,...) observed for the mixture.

For differential thermal analysis we use tight nickel crucibles up to 1000°C. We note heating temperatures (accuracy $\pm 5^\circ\text{C}$). Special sample holders are available for X-ray powder diffraction up to 200°C.

We have not found a suitable fluid for density measurements on powders because the fluids examined reacted, or traces of water caused hydrolysis. We have used the theoretic density as a function of starting materials densities and composition, and we assume that actual density is not very different.

RESULTS

The systems $\text{NbF}_5\text{-TlF}$, $\text{NbF}_5\text{-RbF}$ and $\text{NbF}_5\text{-CsF}$ exhibit the following ternary fluoride species : $\text{M}\text{Nb}_4\text{F}_{21}$ (for M = Cs only), $\text{M}\text{Nb}_3\text{F}_{16}$ (for M = Tl and Rb), $\text{M}\text{Nb}_2\text{F}_{11}$, MNbF_6 , M_2NbF_7 , M_3NbF_8 (all for M = Tl, Rb, Cs). In every case, the powders obtained are pale grey, very hygroscopic, and we never detect the presence of single crystals.

Before our study, the MNbF_6 fluorides were the subject of important crystallographic work by Bode and Von Döhren [3], Cox [4] and Kemmitt and Col. [5], on single crystals formed by the action of BrF_3 upon a mixture of niobium pentoxyde and the alcali metal fluoride. These authors found that the MNbF_6 compounds, for M = Tl, Rb, Cs, are isostructural with a rhomboedra lattice of the KO_8F_6 type, space groupe $\bar{R}\bar{3}$, with one formula weight per unit cell.

The X-ray powder diffraction patterns of αTlNbF_6 , αRbNbF_6 and αCsNbF_6 , obtained by direct reaction between NbF_5 and MF are accurately indexed with lattice parameters given by these authors except for TlNbF_6 ($a = 5.21 \text{ \AA}^o$ instead of 5.14 \AA).

In this work, except for the MNbF_6 type, we have indexed most of the X-ray diffraction patterns by calculations and trials, because of the lack of single crystals.

These crystal data are therefore tentative only ; nevertheless, the use of the theoretic density and lattice parameters assigned to various phases leads, to the numbers of formula weight per unit cell very consistently.

Figure 1 exhibits the $\text{NbF}_5\text{-RbF}$ and $\text{NbF}_5\text{-CsF}$ phase diagrams which relevant data listed below. Table I collects the crystallographic parameters of different compounds, and interplanar lengths and hkl values are listed in Table II.

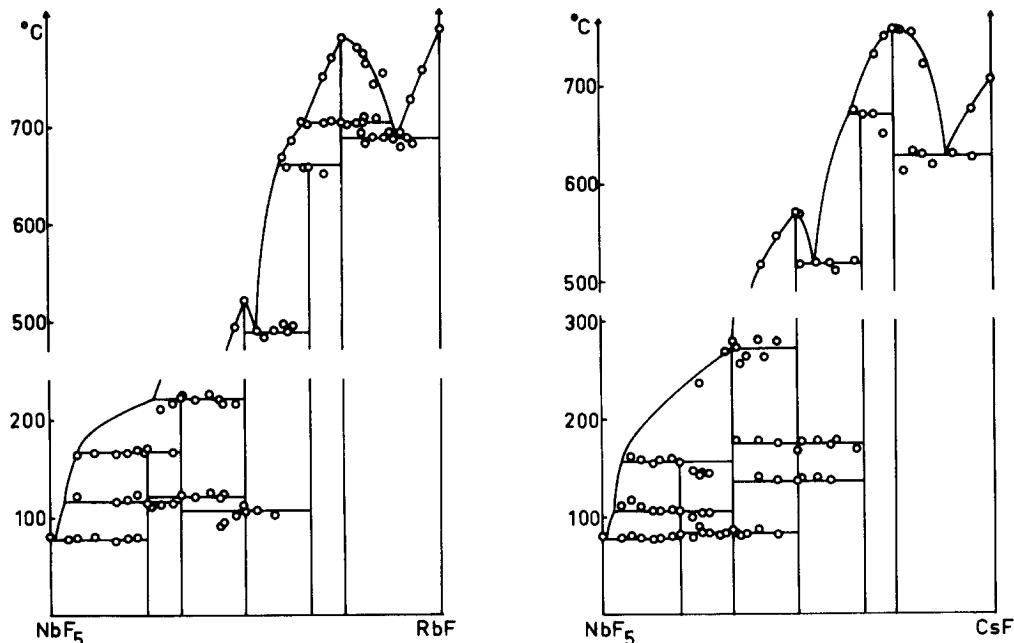


Figure 1. NbF_5 -RbF and NbF_5 -CsF phase diagrams.

% RbF	temp.	phenomena	% CsF	temp.	phenomena
0	80	NbF_5 melting	0	80	NbF_5 melting
3	77	Eutectic	2	78	Eutectic
25	115	$\alpha\text{RbNb}_3\text{F}_{16} \rightleftharpoons \beta$	20	105	$\alpha\text{CsNb}_4\text{F}_{21} \rightleftharpoons \beta$
	166	$\text{RbNb}_3\text{F}_{16}$		157	$\text{CsNb}_4\text{F}_{21}$ peritexy
33.3	120	$\alpha\text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11} \rightleftharpoons \beta$	33.3	86	$\alpha\text{CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11} \rightleftharpoons \beta$
	220	$\text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ peritexy		272	$\text{CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ peritexy
50	106	$\alpha\text{RbNbF}_6 \rightleftharpoons \beta$	50	137	$\alpha\text{CsNbF}_6 \rightleftharpoons \beta$
	520	RbNbF_6 melting		174	$\beta \rightleftharpoons \gamma$
53	488	Eutectic		570	CsNbF_6 melting
66.6	660	Rb_2NbF_7	55	518	Eutectic
75	702	$\alpha\text{Rb}_3\text{NbF}_8 \rightleftharpoons \beta$	66.6	670	Cs_2NbF_7 peritexy
	788	Rb_3NbF_8 melting		756	Cs_3NbF_8 melting
89	686	Eutectic	88	628	Eutectic
100	796	RbF melting	100	704	CsF melting

TABLE I

NbF_5/MF	TlF	RbF	CsF
4			$\alpha \text{ CsNb}_4\text{F}_{21}$ rhomb. $a=9.52 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=98.8^\circ$ $d=3.56 \quad Z=2$ $\beta \text{ CsNb}_4\text{F}_{21}$ non obtained X-ray pattern.
3	$\text{TlNb}_3\text{F}_{16}$ Intricate X-Ray pattern.	$\text{RbNb}_3\text{F}_{16}$ Intricate X-Ray pattern. $\text{RbNb}_3\text{F}_{16}$ rhomb. $a=11.30 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=95^\circ$ $d=3.38 \quad Z=4$	
2	$\alpha \text{ TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ rhomb. $a=10.70 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=94.5^\circ$ $d=5.10 \quad Z=6$ $\beta \text{ TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ cubic $a=7.42 \text{ \AA} \quad (t=145^\circ)$	$\alpha \text{ RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ rhomb. $a=12.76 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=91.20^\circ$ $d=3.32 \quad Z=9$ $\beta \text{ RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ cubic $a=7.38 \text{ \AA}$	$\alpha \text{ CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ rhomb. $a=12.47 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=91^\circ 30'$ $d=3.56 \quad Z=8$ $\beta \text{ CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ rhomb. $d=12.73 \text{ \AA} \quad =91^\circ 7$
1	$\alpha \text{ TlNbF}_6$ rhomb. $a=5.21 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=96.37^\circ$ $\beta \text{ TlNbF}_6$ cub. $a=5.28 \text{ \AA} \quad (t=104^\circ\text{C})$	$\alpha \text{ RbNbF}_6$ rhomb. $a=5.14 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=96.4^\circ$ $\beta \text{ RbNbF}_6$ cub. $a=5.27 \text{ \AA} \quad (t=120^\circ\text{C})$	$\alpha \text{ CsNbF}_6$ rhomb. $a=5.32 \text{ \AA} \quad \alpha=95.8^\circ$ $\beta \text{ CsNbF}_6$ cub. $a=5.41 \text{ \AA} \quad (t=145^\circ\text{C})$ $\gamma \text{ CsNbF}_6$ no observed.
1/2	Tl_2NbF_7 rhomb. $a=10.97 \quad \alpha=9.25^\circ$ $d=6.66 \quad Z=8$	Rb_2NbF_7 monoclinic $a=10.60 \text{ \AA} \quad b=10.10 \text{ \AA} \quad c=9.65 \text{ \AA} \quad \beta=99.5^\circ$ $d=3.10 \quad Z=5$	Cs_2NbF_7 monoclinic $a=11.50 \text{ \AA} \quad b=10.97 \text{ \AA} \quad c=9.08 \text{ \AA} \quad \beta=95^\circ$ $d=3.57 \quad Z=5$
1/3	Tl_3NbF_8 hexagonal $a=8.59 \text{ \AA} \quad c=6.69 \text{ \AA}$ $d=7.06 \quad Z=2$	Rb_3NbF_8 monoclinic $a=10.65 \text{ \AA} \quad b=9.40 \text{ \AA} \quad c=8.58 \text{ \AA} \quad \beta=91^\circ 2$ $d=3.04 \quad Z=3$	Cs_3NbF_8 monoclinic $a=11.20 \text{ \AA} \quad b=9.85 \text{ \AA} \quad c=8.93 \text{ \AA} \quad \beta=91^\circ 5$ $d=3.57 \quad Z=3$

TABLE II

α CsNb ₄ F ₂₁				$TlNb_3F_{16}$				α RbNb ₃ F ₁₆				β RbNb ₃ F ₁₆			
d	I/I _o	h	k	l	d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	h	k	l		
6.75	4	1	1	0	7.25	35	7	24	4	5.52	50	2	0	0	
5.59	5	1	1	1	-	-	6.08	8	4.18	100	2	2	0		
4.31	2	2	1	0	-	-	5.67	13	3.914	8	2	2	1		
4.20	7	2	1	0	-	-	5.09	5	3.785	95	2	2	0		
3.965	100	2	1	1	-	-	4.90	10	3.706	30	3	0	0		
3.860	24	2	1	1	4.44	6	4.43	24	3.639	8	3	1	0		
3.383	6	2	2	0	4.15	10	4.16	92	2.957	24	2	2	2		
3.311	4	2	2	0	-	-	4.07	13	2.808	5	4	0	0		
3.241	2	2	2	1	4.011	100	3.980	36	2.772	5	4	1	0		
3.170	4	3	0	0	3.931	10	3.907	100	2.646	15	4	1	0		
2.923	2	3	1	1	3.887	50	3.873	25	2.332	28	2	2	4		
2.846	4	3	1	1	3.738	6	3.767	13	2.149	5	4	3	0		
2.756	12	2	2	2	3.613	72	3.607	62	2.124	7	4	2	2		
2.576	7	3	2	1	-	-	3.553	18	2.091	16	4	4	0		
2.304	8	4	1	0	3.424	8	3.504	26	1.985	8	3	3	3		
2.279	15	3	3	0	-	-	3.202	12	1.871	16	6	0	0		
2.241	7	4	1	1	-	-	3.140	10							
2.030	4	3	3	2	-	-	3.099	9							
1.982	9	4	2	2	-	-	3.027	9							
1.894	3	4	3	1	2.947	7	2.930	6							
					2.723	4	2.802	7							
					2.673	8	2.673	8							
					-	-	2.624	4							
					2.546	12	2.547	8							
					2.396	5	2.406	8							
					2.228	9	2.253	10							
					2.212	9	2.211	17							

TABLE II (continued)

$\propto \text{TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$			$\propto \text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$			$\propto \text{CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$		
d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	h k l
7.28	70	1 1 0	7.24	8	1 1 1	7.13	6	1 1 1
4.033	100	2 1 1	5.60	9	2 1 0	4.207	100	2 2 1
3.904	52	2 2 0	5.28	9	2 1 1	3.972	25	3 1 0
3.717	7	2 2 1	5.10	14	2 1 1	3.890	42	3 1 0
3.616	81	2 2 0	4.19	3	2 2 1	3.636	80	2 2 2
3.435	8	3 1 0	3.987	83	3 1 0	3.545	21	2 2 2
3.358	4	3 1 1	3.870	42	3 1 1	3.097	12	4 0 0
2.957	12	3 2 1	3.831	19	1 3 1	2.864	3	1 3 3
2.829	2	2 2 2	3.705	13	2 2 2	2.757	2	4 2 0
2.680	14	3 2 2	3.601	100	2 2 2	2.642	13	3 3 2
2.615	2	3 3 0	3.417	15	1 3 2	2.539	10	4 3 0
2.553	21	3 3 1	2.925	15	1 3 3	2.415	7	3 3 3
2.509	7	4 1 0	2.744	4	4 2 1	2.353	7	3 3 3
2.402	16	3 3 0	2.715	4	2 3 3	2.290	15	5 2 0
2.359	12	3 3 2	2.671	9	3 3 2	2.241	4	5 2 1
2.234	11	4 2 2	2.544	17	5 0 0	2.199	6	4 4 0
2.219	11	4 3 0	2.509	6	4 3 0	2.174	5	4 3 3
2.197	7	4 2 1	2.400	8	3 3 3	2.092	13	4 3 3
2.173	7	4 3 1	2.371	9	2 3 4	2.005	6	6 1 1
2.111	8	5 0 0	2.355	11	5 2 0	1.983	4	5 3 2
2.004	16	5 2 1	2.339	12	4 3 2	1.929	11	5 4 0
1.909	4	3 3 3	2.221	12	4 4 0			
1.850	10	5 2 1	2.208	14	5 2 2			
			2.164	7	5 3 0			
			2.112	10	6 0 0			

TABLE II (continued)

$\beta_{\text{TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}}$			$\beta_{\text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}}$			$\beta_{\text{CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}}$		
d	I/I _o	h k l	d	I/I _o	h k l	d	I/I _o	h k l
7.29	7	1 0 0	7.25	1		7.14	10	1 1 1
5.24	3	1 1 0	5.22	23		5.30	9	2 1 1
4.27	15	1 1 1	4.19	14		4.33	43	2 2 1
3.711	100	2 0 0	3.685	100		3.972	33	3 1 0
-	-	2 1 1	3.019	3		3.907	8	3 1 1
2.622	17	2 2 0	2.615	8		3.745	100	3 1 1
2.343	6	3 1 0	2.330	4		3.572	33	3 2 0
2.141	51	2 2 2	2.136	39		3.062	10	4 1 0
1.982	3	3 2 1	-	-		2.656	7	3 3 2
1.855	15	4 0 0	1.850	15		2.584	15	4 3 3
						2.484	3	5 1 0
						2.375	22	3 3 3
						2.294	4	4 3 2
						2.209	13	4 4 0
						2.165	16	4 4 1
						2.083	6	6 1 0
						1.981	3	6 2 0
						1.933	5	4 4 3
						1.872	5	6 2 2

TABLE II (continued)

α TlNbF ₆			α RbNbF ₆			α CsNbF ₆		
d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	h k l		
5.14	6	5.09	11	-	-	1 0 0		
3.847	100	3.834	100	3.945	100	1 1 0		
3.432	91	3.396	94	3.520	95	1 1 0		
3.076	3	3.060	2	-	-	1 1 1		
2.666	8	2.634	5	2.747	8	1 1 1		
2.560	17	2.544	17	2.627	18	2 0 0		
2.400	15	2.391	8	2.461	10	2 1 0		
2.217	14	2.213	13	2.274	13	2 1 1		
2.189	4	-	-	-	-	2 1 0		
2.129	36	2.118	52	2.187	42	1 2 1		
-	-	1.918	11	-	-	2 2 0		
1.918	15	1.894	8	1.972	16	2 1 1		
1.715	6	-	-	-	-	2 2 0		

β TlNbF ₆			β RbNbF ₆			β CsNbF ₆		
d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	d	I/I _o	h k l		
5.29	5	5.27	8	5.39	4	1 0 0		
3.741	100	3.726	100	3.825	100	1 1 0		
3.056	6	-	-	3.105	9	1 1 1		
2.646	13	2.636	10	2.718	16	2 0 0		
2.346	10	-	-	2.403	6	2 1 0		
2.158	33	2.151	46	2.201	39	2 1 1		
1.867	12	1.865	14	1.918	9	2 2 0		

TABLE II (continued)

Tl_2NbF_7			Rb_2NbF_7			Cs_2NbF_7		
d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	h k l
5.15	3		5.40	14	1 1 1	5.67	5	2 0 0
5.03	4	2 1 0	5.24	42	2 0 0	5.48	9	0 2 0
3.965	4	2 2 0	5.03	12	0 2 0	4.51	4	0 0 2
3.795	71	2 2 0	4.74	20	0 0 2	4.51	4	0 0 2
3.735	45	2 2 1	3.938	100	2 1 1	3.972	100	2 2 0
3.550	66	3 1 0	3.834	51	2 0 2	3.795	45	3 0 0
3.415	100	3 1 0	3.782	20	1 1 2	3.735	26	2 2 1
3.376	38	3 1 1	3.659	74	2 2 0	3.556	40	2 2 1
3.106	21	3 2 0	3.482	8	3 0 0	3.358	46	0 3 1
2.993	2	3 2 1	3.373	34	0 3 0	3.297	24	1 2 2
2.733	10	4 0 0	3.310	12	3 1 0	3.151	23	3 2 0
2.712	4	3 2 2	3.195	56	1 3 0	3.013	20	0 0 3
2.634	2	4 1 0	3.056	6	1 1 3	2.919	11	2 2 2
2.563	2	3 3 1	2.984	32	1 3 1	2.501	15	3 2 2
2.502	16	3 3 0	2.911	20	1 0 3	2.458	32	2 4 0
2.381	10	3 3 2	2.342	28	1 4 0	2.412	15	3 1 3
2.342	6	4 2 1	2.194	23	4 2 1	2.384	15	4 2 1
2.235	35	3 3 2	2.085	44	5 0 0	2.303	25	5 0 0
2.191	12	5 0 0				2.273	19	3 0 3
2.151	19	4 2 2				2.194	14	0 5 0
2.083	17	4 3 1				2.169	30	4 3 1
1.955	3	4 3 2				2.102	6	2 3 3
1.912	8	4 3 3				1.983	6	4 4 0
1.888	11	4 4 0				1.916	16	6 0 0

TABLE II (continued)

Tl_3NbF_8			Rb_3NbF_8			Cs_3NbF_8		
d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	h k l	d	I/I_o	
3.726	27	2 0 0	5.39	9	2 0 0	-	-	
3.587	5	1 1 1	4.72	12	0 2 0	-	-	
3.348	33	0 0 2	4.29	8	0 0 2	-	-	
3.250	100	2 0 1	-	-	1 0 2	4.11	5	
3.052	5	1 0 2	-	-	1 2 1	3.965	6	
2.637	5	1 1 2	3.674	42	1 1 2	3.840	32	
2.593	10	2 1 1	3.612	17	1 1 2	3.760	18	
2.486	23	2 0 2	3.386	55	2 0 2	3.559	47	
2.320	6	3 0 1	3.333	100	3 1 0	3.477	100	
2.147	20	2 2 0	-	-	2 2 1	3.386	20	
1.901	22	2 0 3	3.170	74	0 2 2	3.309	85	
1.857	4	4 0 0	-	-	0 3 1	3.082	8	
1.805	24	2 2 2	2.822	8	3 2 0	2.953	9	
1.668	6	0 0 4	2.656	24	4 0 0	2.782	20	
1.662	3	4 0 2	-	-	4 0 1	2.656	5	
			-	-	4 1 1	2.599	5	
			2.617	5	3 1 2	-	-	
			2.402	3	3 2 2	-	-	
			2.354	19	0 4 0	2.463	11	
			2.220	10	4 1 2	2.322	5	
			2.140	53	0 0 4	2.229	43	
			1.979	25	2 0 4	2.076	19	
			1.872	17	0 5 0	1.967	11	
			1.849	6	2 2 4	1.924	5	
			1.806	35	2 2 4	1.886	28	

DISCUSSION

An important analogy is found between the three diagrams $\text{NbF}_5\text{-MF}$. All of the compounds rich in NbF_5 ($\text{NbF}_5/\text{MF} > 1$) decompose by peritexy and show a crystal transition, except $\text{TlNb}_3\text{F}_{16}$. Both of the compounds MNbF_6 and M_3NbF_8 melt congruently, the first type having one or two crystal transitions. The M_2NbF_7 type decomposes in the solid state ($\text{M}=\text{Tl}$) or melts incongruently. Cesium is unique in showing the $\text{MNb}_4\text{F}_{21}$ type structure.

From crystallographic data, we observe the following :

The MNbF_6 compounds are isostructural : "low temperature" phases are rhombohedral, as seen above, and "high temperature" phases are cubic with $a_{\text{cubic}} = a_{\text{rhomb}}$ for the same compound. We can consider that the conversion consists in a slight distortion from the cubic cell into a rhombohedral cell without variation of a nor Z .

From Rb_3NbF_8 and Cs_3NbF_8 X ray diffraction patterns, these compounds appear to be monoclinic and isostructural. This is different from Rb_2NbF_7 and Cs_2NbF_7 , both of which are monoclinic but not isostructural. Tl_2NbF_7 is rhombohedral.

$\alpha\text{TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ and $\alpha\text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ are quite similar but it is not possible to index the second with the lattice constants of the first. The $\alpha\text{CsNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ X-ray pattern is different. Nevertheless, the three compounds have rhombohedral lattices. $\text{TlNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ and $\text{RbNb}_2\text{F}_{11}$ undergo crystalline conversion and the β forms are cubic and isostructural.

Thallium compounds seem slightly different from the analogous rubidium or cesium salts.

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